



- Early settlers in the Nile Valley** (c. 6000 BCE)
- First use of hieroglyphics** (c. 3100 BCE)
- First pyramid built** (c. 2700 BCE)
- Tutankhamon is Pharaoh** (c. 1336 BCE)
- Alexander the Great conquers Egypt** (c. 332 BCE)

KEY VOCABULARY

River Nile	A river, which flows through the continent of Africa. It is the longest river in the world
Black Land	The land either side of the River Nile , which is black in colour. It is full of rich nutrients to help plants grow
Irrigation	The supply of water , which helps land or crops, grow
Archaeologist	Scientists who study the history of humans by looking at what has been left behind (e.g. objects buried underground or graves)
Pharaohs	Pharaohs were the Kings or Queens of Egypt . A Pharaoh was the most important and powerful person in kingdom
Artefacts	An object made and used a long time ago
Hieroglyphics	An Ancient Egyptian writing system
Mummification	The process used by Ancient Egyptians to preserve a person's body for the afterlife
Pyramid	A huge stone tomb build by Ancient Egyptians

Tutankhamun

Ancient Egyptian Pharaoh



Howard Carter

Archaeologist who discovered Tutankhamun's tomb in 1922

